

Personalized Prediction of Recurrent Stress Events Using Self-Supervised Learning on Multimodal Time-Series Data

Tanvir Islam, Peter Washington

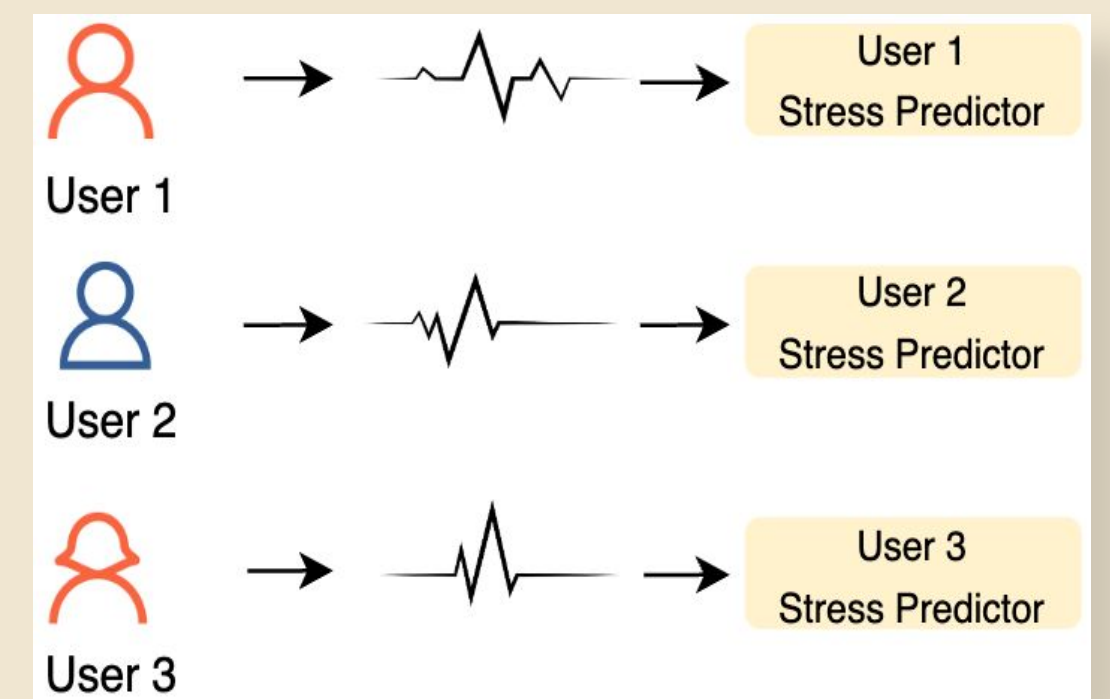
Information and Computer Sciences, University of Hawaii at Manoa

Problem Statement

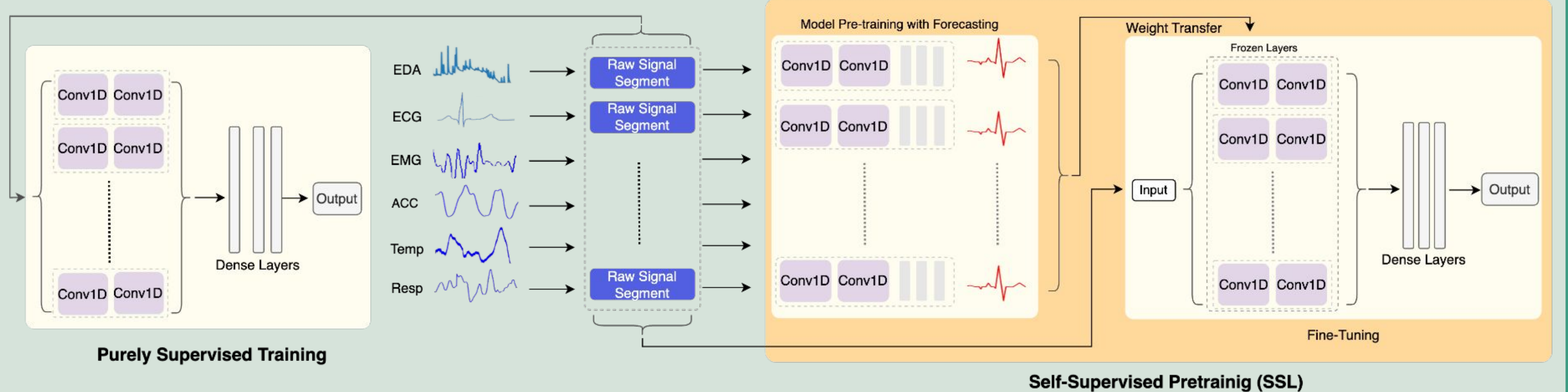
- Counter high-cost label collection
- Navigate individual stress variability
- Simplify feature design from diverse biosignals
- Manage subjectivity and sparse labeling

Overview

High level idea of the proposed methodology



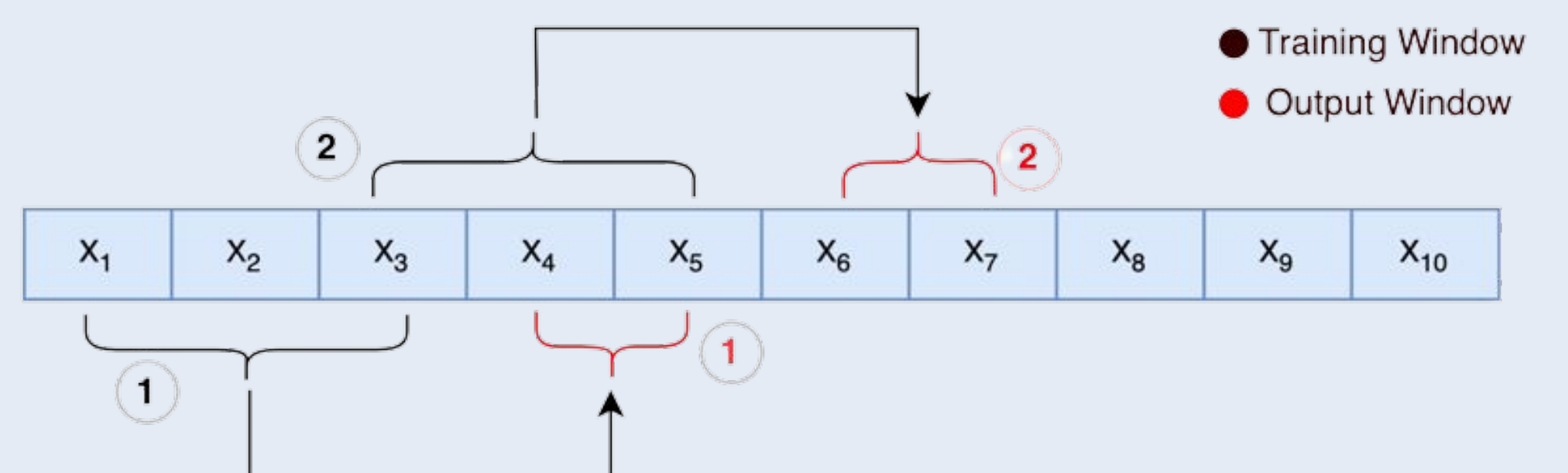
Experimental Procedure



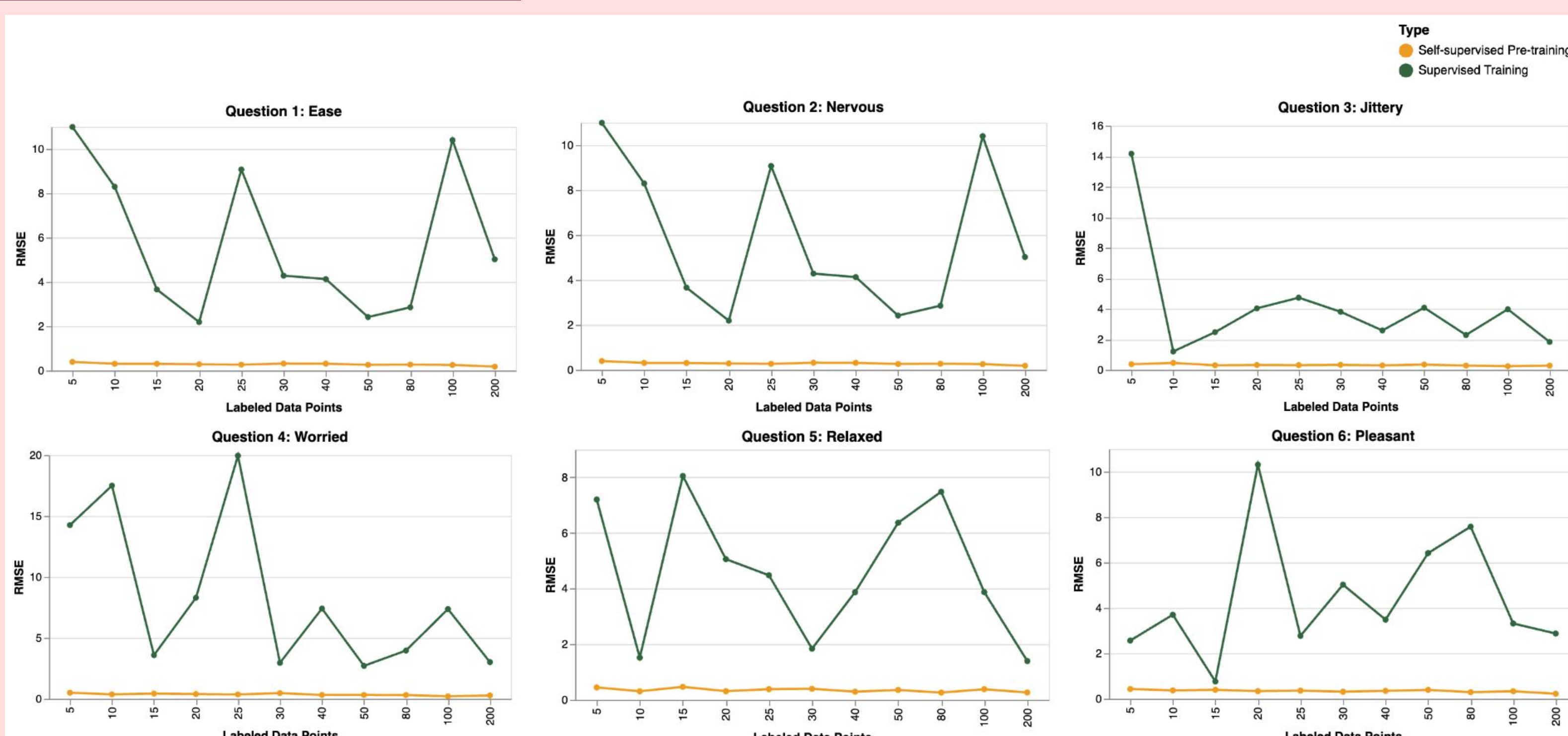
Contribution Summary

- Harness biosignals for immediate stress detection
- Develop user-specific models that learn from diverse biosignals.
- Better prediction with less annotation through personalized, self-supervised models.

SSL Technique



Experimental Results



Comparison of the performance between SSL pre-training and solely supervised training methods for a demonstrative user